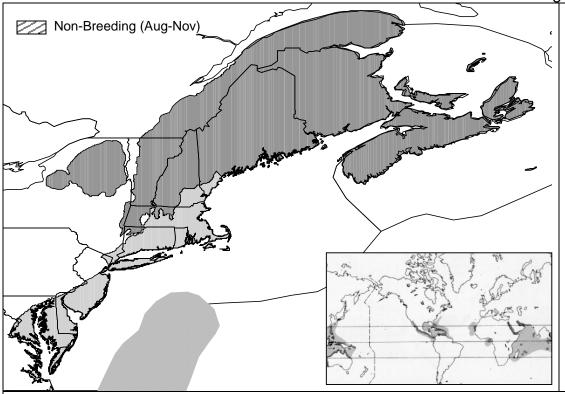
BRIDLED TERN

Sterna anaethetus recognita



Regional Occurrence (BCRs 14, 30)

- Distribution: pelagic in BCR 30
- Habitats used: mostly pelagic, breeding on islands in rocky areas and coral, or in crevices on ledges

NAWCP BD=3; NAWCP ND=3

Regional Abundance

- 1980s population size: US—approx. 1,000nb; CAN—0
- Historical population size: US—unknown; CAN—0
- % change in regional population: unknown

NAWCP PS=3; NAWCP PT=4

Regional Threats

- Nests are subject to flooding due to breeding in low terrain
- May become entangled in dense shrubs in nesting habitats
- May abandon colonies if subjected to excessive human disturbance, but can become habituated and more aggressive at defending nesting sites

NAWCP TB=4; NAWCP TN=3

Conservation Status: Abundance (b=breeding, nb=nonbreeding, t=total individuals) and Conservation Rank							
Global	North America	BCR 14	BCR 30	Mid-Atlantic	S. New England	Gulf of Maine	Maritimes
>665,000 - 672,500t	8,700 – 14,700b	0nb	?nb	?nb	?nb	0nb	0nb
IUCN-	NAWCP-	(PI=?)	High	NJ-S3B, S4N;	NY-S2S3; CT-	MA-S1; NH-	QC-SN; NB
Not Evaluated	High Concern		(PI=?)	DE-S1B	S1B, SZN; RI-S1B,	SZN	PE; NS
	(PI=5-9%)			MD-S3S4B; VA-	SZN MA-S1; VT-	ME-S1B;	
				S2B, S3N	no info	NB, NS	

Conservation Needs: *Sustainability*: 91% hatched chicks fledged; *Foraging Habitat*: 8-10 km offshore; sometimes 2-3 km; up to 30 km; non-breeding 50-130 km offshore; exhibits strong association with marine flotsam for foraging; open sea usually 8-10 km offshore during breeding; Sometimes within 2-3 km and up to 30 km from colony; nonbreeding - at sea; *Issues*: Necessary measures would include barriers, signs, supervision and designated walkways in breeding areas, with some colonies being entirely closed off during the breeding season. Gradual habituation to human presence is possible.; *Population Goals*: ; *Habitat Goals*: